



SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Q 50-210 STONECHIP PROTECTION

Version 1.0

MSDS Number: H52019

Revision Date: 09.01.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **Q 50-210 STONECHIP PROTECTION**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-
stance/Mixture : Stonechip

Recommended restrictions
on use : For use in industrial installations or professional treatment
only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Q-Company Int. GmbH
Beckershof 3
24558 Henstedt-Ulzburg

E-mail address of person
responsible for the SDS : msds@qrefinish.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+49 (0)551-19240 (Giftinformationszentrum-Nord)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Effects on or via lactation	H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous system	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated	H373: May cause damage to organs through pro-

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exposure, Category 2	longed or repeated exposure.
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)	
Highly flammable	R11: Highly flammable.
Harmful	R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
Toxic to Reproduction Category 3	R63: Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.
Irritant	R38: Irritating to skin. R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R64: May cause harm to breastfed babies.
Dangerous for the environment	R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P260 Do not breathe vapours.
P260 Do not breathe spray.

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Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

toluene

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (%)
toluene	108-88-3 203-625-9 01- 2119471310-51	F; R11 Repr.Cat.3; R63 Xn; R48/20-R65 Xi; R38 R67	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Repr. 2; H361 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 20 - < 30
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 01- 2119485493-29	R10 R66 R67	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 1 - < 10
chlorinated paraffins, C14-17	85535-85-9 287-477-0 01- 2119519269-33	R64 R66 N; R50-R53	Lact. H362 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 1 - < 2.5

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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Consult a physician.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Consult a physician after significant exposure.
- In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Remove contact lenses.
Protect unharmed eye.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
- If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:
Headache
Dizziness
Fatigue
Weakness
Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:
Redness
Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:
Abdominal pain
Nausea
Vomiting
Diarrhoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : No information available.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Hazardous combustion products : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

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6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Container may be opened only under exhaust ventilation hood.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Avoid formation of aerosol. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.
- Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : No smoking. Store in cool place. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.
- Storage period : 12 Months
- Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
toluene	108-88-3	TWA	50 ppm 192 mg/m ³	2006/15/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			

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toluene	108-88-3	STEL	100 ppm 384 mg/m ³	2006/15/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
toluene	108-88-3	TWA	50 ppm 191 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
toluene	108-88-3	STEL	100 ppm 384 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm 724 mg/m ³	GB EH40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m ³	GB EH40
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate</p>			

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	<p>of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>
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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

toluene	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 147 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 480 mg/m ³
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	: End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 6.7 mg/m ³

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Remarks : Solvent-resistant gloves The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Before removing gloves clean them with soap and water.

Skin and body protection : impervious clothing
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

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Colour	: various
Odour	: characteristic
pH	: Not applicable
Melting point/range	: Not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range	: 110.6 °C (7.6 hPa)
Flash point	: 5 °C Method: ISO 1523, closed cup Setaflash
Upper explosion limit	: 7.1 %(V) (25 °C)
Lower explosion limit	: 1.2 %(V) (25 °C)
Vapour pressure	: 22.4 hPa (20 °C) 123 hPa (50 °C)
Density	: 1.46 g/cm ³ (20 °C) Method: ISO 2811-1
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: immiscible
Auto-ignition temperature	: 520 °C
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: 270,000 mPa.s (20 °C) Method: ISO 2555
Viscosity, kinematic	: > 20 mm ² /s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

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10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if used as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents
Strong acids and strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Carbon monoxide
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Halogenated compounds

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:

toluene:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 28.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 23.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

chlorinated paraffins, C14-17:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 26,100 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 13,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Vapours may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Aspiration toxicity

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting., Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects., Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 32 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

chlorinated paraffins, C14-17:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 5,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 0.0059 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

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12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal., Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.
Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1263
RID : UN 1263
IMDG : UN 1263
IATA : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : PAINT
ADR : PAINT
RID : PAINT

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IMDG : PAINT

IATA : PAINT

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 3

ADR : 3

RID : 3

IMDG : 3

IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

ADR

Transport in accordance with the exemption of 2.2.3.1.4.

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

IMDG

Transport in accordance with the exemption of 2.3.2.2.

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

IATA

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

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IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso II - Directive 2003/105/EC amending Council Directive 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances

		Quantity 1	Quantity 2
7b	Highly flammable	5,000 t	50,000 t

Volatile organic compounds : 410 g/l

Directive 2004/42/EC : Special finishes (840 g/l)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-Phrases

Aquatic Acute	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Lact.	Effects on or via lactation
R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R48/20	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
R53	May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R63	Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.
R64	May cause harm to breastfed babies.

Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child if inhaled.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.